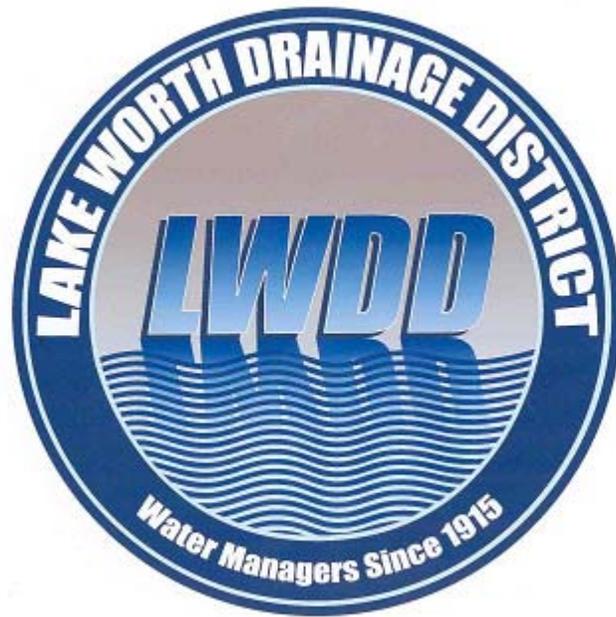


LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT



***ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015***

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION:

Independent Auditor's Report	5
Management's Discussion and Analysis	9

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities.....	18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund.....	19
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position.....	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities	22
Notes to Basic Financial Statements.....	23

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund.....	45
Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress	46
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, the Florida Retirement System	47
Schedule of Contributions, the Florida Retirement System.....	48
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, the Health Insurance Subsidy Program	49
Schedule of Contributions, the Health Insurance Subsidy Program.....	50
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	51

COMPLIANCE SECTION:

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	55
Independent Accountant's Report on an Examination Conducted in Accordance with <i>AICPA Professional Standards</i> , Section 601, Regarding Compliance Requirements in Accordance With Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.....	57
Management Letter in Accordance with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.....	59

FINANCIAL SECTION

This page intentionally left blank.

**INDEPENDENT
AUDITOR'S REPORT**

This page intentionally left blank.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors
Lake Worth Drainage District
Delray Beach, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Lake Worth Drainage District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lake Worth Drainage District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Lake Worth Drainage District, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements, the District adopted the recognition and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, during the year ended September 30, 2015. As discussed in Note 12 to the financial statements, the respective net position of the governmental activities at October 1, 2014, has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 9 through 14), the budgetary comparison schedule (page 45), the schedule of OPEB funding progress (page 46) and the pension information (pages 47 through 50), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 23, 2016, on our consideration of Lake Worth Drainage District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lake Worth Drainage District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Morrison, Brown, Argiz & Farra, LLC
Palm Beach, Florida

June 23, 2016

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION
AND ANALYSIS**

This page intentionally left blank.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of Lake Worth Drainage District would like to offer the readers of the District's financial statements this discussion and analysis of the District's financial activities during the fiscal year that ended on September 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by approximately \$56.7 million (net position). Of this amount, \$17.8 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing operations.
- The District's net position of \$56.7 million decreased by approximately \$1.6 million when compared to the prior year. This includes an increase of \$2.3 million from current year operations and a decrease of \$3.9 million related to the restatement of beginning net position at October 1, 2014, for the adoption of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 that required the District to record a net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows related to the future liabilities of its allocable share of the liabilities related to participation in the Florida Retirement System.
- The largest portion of the District's net position (69%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), which are used to provide services to landowners.
- The District's increase in net position was approximately \$2.3 million. This is primarily due to the increase in the assessment rate from \$42 to \$45 per parcel and the decrease in costs related to the aquatic vegetation.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was approximately \$4.3 million, or 30% of total general fund expenditures.

District Highlights

- During the year, the District added thirteen new vehicles, consisting of eleven passenger vehicles, one dump truck and one grapple truck to their fleet at a cost of \$791,000. The passenger vehicles are used to monitor the District's water resources as well as transport employees to various job sites within the District; the dump truck is used to haul debris from job sites, and the grapple truck is used to remove aquatic vegetation and debris from canals.
- During the year, the District purchased two tractors and six mower arms at a cost of approximately \$133,000. This equipment is used to mow the various canal banks within the District. In addition, the District purchased two compact loaders at a cost of approximately \$138,000. The track loader is used to remove material from the canal banks and move it from one place to another. The wheeled loader is used to move equipment around the shop facility and maintenance yard.
- During the year, the District started/completed various enhancements and renovation projects within the office and shop area for approximately \$375,000.
- Over the last nine years, the collections of non-ad valorem assessments has remained extremely high at 99% despite the economic downturn in the region and the nation.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

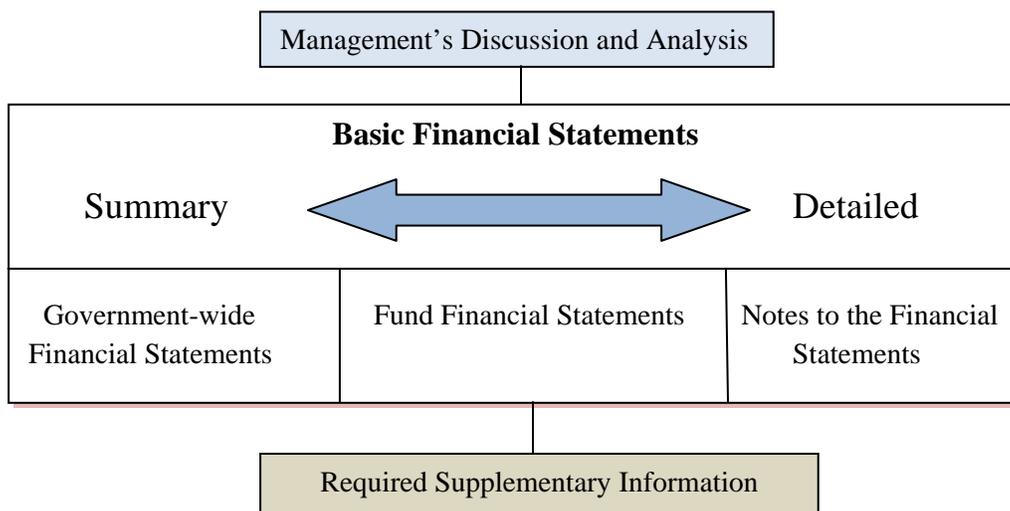
This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Lake Worth Drainage District's basic financial statements. The District's annual report consists of two parts, the financial section and the compliance section. The financial section includes the following parts: management's discussion and analysis, basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements themselves consist of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. These statements present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

- The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the District’s government, reporting the District’s operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.
- The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Figure A-1
Required Components of Lake Worth Drainage
District’s Annual Financial Report



Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all District assets and liabilities. All of the current year’s revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

One of the most important questions asked regarding the District’s finances is “Is the District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year’s activities?” The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District’s assets and liabilities. Net Position is the result of assets plus deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors should be considered, however, such as the condition of the District’s capital assets (canals, pump stations, etc.) to assess the overall health of the District.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District’s net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate legal compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District maintains a single governmental fund, the General Fund.

The District's basic services are reported in the governmental fund, which focuses on how money flows into and out of the fund and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. This fund is reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences between government-wide activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled on separate schedules.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-22 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$56,686,691 and \$58,335,727 in 2015 and 2014, respectively. Liabilities increased, specifically due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 which resulted in the recording of a net pension liability of \$4,007,147.

The following table highlights the net position as of September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	2015	2014	Percentage Change
Cash and investments	\$ 22,143,849	\$ 21,021,344	5%
Restricted assets	2,276,365	2,293,520	-1%
Other assets	134,998	239,562	-44%
Capital assets, net	38,895,474	36,906,772	5%
Total assets	\$ 63,450,686	\$ 60,461,198	5%
Total deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 966,144	\$ -	100%
Current liabilities	\$ 1,212,607	\$ 415,019	192%
Long-term liabilities	5,794,548	1,710,452	239%
Total liabilities	\$ 7,007,155	\$ 2,125,471	230%
Total deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 722,984	\$ -	100%
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 38,895,474	\$ 36,906,772	5%
Unrestricted	17,791,217	21,428,955	-17%
Total net position	\$ 56,686,691	\$ 58,335,727	-3%

The District uses capital assets to provide services to its residents; accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. The remaining unrestricted net position (\$17,791,217) may be used to meet the District's ongoing operations.

Changes in Net Position

The District's total revenues increased by approximately \$512,000 when compared to the prior year, mainly due to the increase in charges for services (non-ad valorem assessments). The rate per parcel increased from \$42 to \$45. Charges for services (non-ad valorem assessments) account for 99% of the District's total revenues. Total expenses for all of the District's activities were approximately \$12.3 million for the year, a decrease of approximately \$1.1 million over the prior year. The majority of the reduction in costs is related to less expensive alternatives used to control the aquatic vegetation.

The following table highlights the changes in net position for the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	2015	2014	Percentage Change
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 14,391,675	\$ 13,404,798	7%
General revenues:			
Investment earnings	45,901	59,916	-23%
Miscellaneous	91,230	107,368	-15%
Gain on sales/disposals of capital assets	52,883	497,177	-89%
Total revenues	14,581,689	14,069,259	4%
Program expenses:			
Physical environment	12,322,150	13,395,116	-8%
Interest on long-term debt	2,669	-	100%
Total expenses	12,324,819	13,395,116	-8%
Increase in net position	2,256,870	674,143	235%
Net position, beginning of year	58,335,727	57,661,584	1%
Restatement for GASB 68 implementation	(3,905,906)	-	-100%
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	54,429,821	57,661,584	-6%
Net position, end of year	\$ 56,686,691	\$ 58,335,727	-3%

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District adopted the fiscal year 2014/2015 budget on September 17, 2014. During the year, there were no amendments to the budget. Total expenditures budgeted for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, were \$14,646,750. Total revenues, including proceeds from the sale of capital assets, budgeted were \$14,224,600 along with a prior year carryforward of \$422,150.

Total actual revenues and other financing sources were approximately \$15,000 over budgeted revenues. Total expenditures were approximately \$188,000 under budgeted expenditures. This is mainly due to the reduction in the use of herbicides to control the growth of aquatic vegetation and using less expensive alternatives.

The budgetary comparison schedule can be found on page 45 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

On September 30, 2014, the District had \$36,906,772, net of accumulated depreciation, invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, canal revetment and water control structures and pump

stations. A net increase of \$1,988,702 or 5.0%, increased the total to \$38,895,474, net of accumulated depreciation, by the end of the 2015 fiscal year. The components of the change in capital assets included approximately \$375,000 for improvements and upgrades to buildings within the office and shop area and \$1,154,000 of new machinery and equipment. Depreciation expense was approximately \$1.5 million.

Significant additions to machinery and equipment included the following:

- Thirteen new vehicles, consisting of eleven passenger vehicles at a cost of \$326,000, one dump truck at a cost of \$157,000 and a grapple truck at a cost of \$308,000.
- Two tractors at a cost of \$81,000 and six mower attachments at a cost of \$52,000.
- Two loaders at a cost of \$138,000.

The following table summarizes the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	2015	2014
Land	\$ 4,065,977	\$ 4,023,388
Work in progress	1,962,431	150,882
Buildings and improvements	2,535,797	2,306,575
Machinery and equipment	3,661,685	3,039,761
Canal revetment	17,983,915	18,451,201
Water control structures and pump stations	8,429,265	8,630,611
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	256,404	304,354
Total capital assets	\$ 38,895,474	\$ 36,906,772

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on page 27 of this report.

Debt

The following table presents the District's total outstanding debt for the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	2015	2014
Other postemployment benefits	\$ 32,095	\$ 20,904
Capital lease payable	26,062	46,861
Compensated absences	531,351	522,640
Landfill closure costs	1,197,893	1,120,047
Net pension liability	4,007,147	-
Total outstanding debt	\$ 5,794,548	\$ 1,710,452

This fiscal year, in compliance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recorded a net pension liability of \$4,007,147. Additional information on the District's outstanding debt (other than the pension plan) can be found in Note 4 on page 28 of this report. Additional information on the District's pension plan can be found in Note 8 on page 31 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

For fiscal year 2015/2016, the District adopted a budget of \$14,690,400 representing a 1.3% increase from the prior year budget. The rate per parcel remained the same at \$45; the last rate increase occurred in 2015. The majority of the increase in revenues came from the increase in the amount of funds carried over from the prior year fund balance from \$422,150 to \$584,700.

The majority of the increase in expenditures is due to the following:

- Increase in funds allocated to capital items from \$2.9 million to \$3.1 million, specifically allocated to:
 - 1) Significant improvements and upgrades to various buildings within the District's shop facility

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our readers with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Executive Director, Robert M. Brown, 13081 Military Trail, Delray Beach, FL 33484; 561-737-3835.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2015

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,143,849
Receivables	20,066
Inventories	64,886
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,276,365
Prepaid expenses	50,046
Capital assets:	
Capital assets not being depreciated	6,028,408
Capital assets being depreciated, net	32,867,066
Total assets	\$ 63,450,686
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred amount related to pensions	966,144
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 256,477
Contracts and retainage payable	750,153
Unearned revenue	205,977
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	
Capital lease payable	23,468
Compensated absences	465,743
Due in more than one year	
Capital lease payable	2,594
Compensated absences	65,608
Other postemployment benefits payable	32,095
Landfill closure costs	1,197,893
Net pension liability	4,007,147
Total liabilities	\$ 7,007,155
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred amount related to pensions	722,984
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 38,895,474
Unrestricted	17,791,217
Total net position	\$ 56,686,691

See notes to basic financial statements.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Statement of Activities

Year Ended September 30, 2015

Function/Program Activities	Expenses	<u>Program Revenues</u> Charges for Services	Net (Expenses)/ Revenue and Change in Net Position
Governmental activities:			
Physical environment	\$ 12,322,150	\$ 14,391,675	\$ 2,069,525
Interest on long-term debt	2,669	-	(2,669)
Total governmental activities	\$ 12,324,819	\$ 14,391,675	2,066,856
General revenues:			
			45,901
			91,230
			52,883
Total general revenues			190,014
			2,256,870
			54,429,821
Net position, end of year			\$ 56,686,691

See notes to basic financial statements.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Balance Sheet

Governmental Fund

September 30, 2015

	General Fund
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,143,849
Receivables	20,066
Inventories	64,886
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,276,365
Prepaid items	50,046
Total assets	\$ 24,555,212
Liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balance	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 256,477
Contracts and retainage payable	750,153
Total liabilities	1,006,630
Deferred inflow of resources:	
Unavailable revenue	205,977
Fund balance:	
Nonspendable:	
Inventories	64,886
Prepaid items	50,046
Committed:	
Insurance	2,067,888
Capital expenditures	15,726,060
Canal revetment	500,000
Assigned:	
Subsequent years budget	584,700
Unassigned	4,349,025
Total fund balance	23,342,605
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balance	\$ 24,555,212

See notes to basic financial statements.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the
Statement of Net Position
September 30, 2015

Total governmental fund balance (Page 19)		\$ 23,342,605
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Cost of assets	\$ 56,985,926	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(18,090,452)</u>	
		38,895,474
Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions are reported in the statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 966,144	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	<u>(722,984)</u>	
		243,160
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Net pension liability	\$ (4,007,147)	
Landfill closure costs	(1,197,893)	
Compensated absences	(531,351)	
Other postemployment benefits obligation	(32,095)	
Capital lease payable	<u>(26,062)</u>	
		(5,794,548)
Total net position (Page 17)		\$ 56,686,691

See notes to basic financial statements.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2015

	General Fund
Revenues:	
Non-ad valorem assessments	\$ 13,977,620
Investment earnings	45,901
Licenses and permits	414,055
Miscellaneous	91,230
Total revenues	14,528,806
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Physical environment	10,845,807
Capital outlay	3,589,056
Debt service:	
Principal	20,799
Interest	2,669
Total expenditures	14,458,331
Excess of revenues over expenditures	70,475
Other financing sources:	
Proceeds from sales/disposals of capital assets	132,723
Net change in fund balance	203,198
Fund balance, beginning of year	23,139,407
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 23,342,605

See notes to basic financial statements.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended September 30, 2015*

Net change in fund balance - total governmental fund (Page 21)		\$ 203,198
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 3,589,056	
Less current year depreciation	<u>(1,520,514)</u>	
		2,068,542
The net effect of various transactions involving the sales/disposals of capital assets is to decrease net position.		(79,840)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.		
Compensated absences	\$ (8,711)	
Landfill closure costs	(77,846)	
Other postemployment benefits obligation	(11,191)	
Capital lease payable	20,799	
Pension expense	<u>141,919</u>	
		64,970
Change in net position (Page 18)		\$ 2,256,870

See notes to basic financial statements.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2015

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lake Worth Drainage District (the District) was originally incorporated and created under Chapter 6458 of the laws of the State of Florida by decree of the Circuit Court of Palm Beach County on June 15, 1915, and now exists under Chapter 09-258, Laws of Florida and amendments thereto. The District was created for the purpose of reclaiming the lands within its boundaries and for the purpose of water control and water supply and to improve said lands and make these lands available, acceptable and habitable for settlement and agriculture.

The District is administered by a five member Board of Supervisors (the Board), composed of owners of land in the District. The supervisors are each elected to a three-year term. Length of service is staggered so that one or more supervisors is elected or re-elected at the annual landowners meeting in January.

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with GASB Statements related to *The Financial Reporting Entity*, which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The definition of the financial reporting entity is based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of the elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the District, organizations for which the District is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no organizations that met the criteria described above.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the District.

The statement of activities demonstrates the extent to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function, or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-ad valorem assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Non-ad valorem assessments and interest on investments associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Revenues for expenditure driven grants are recognized when the related expenditures are incurred. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports its only fund, the General Fund, as a major governmental fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources applicable to the general operations of the District.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to its pension and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and the additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as it is reported by the FRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, time and demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The District has adopted an investment policy which authorizes the District to invest any surplus public funds in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, certificates of deposit or savings accounts, provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as prescribed by law, Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds, repurchase agreements, and direct obligations of the United States Treasury or any other government agencies.

Receivables

Receivables are recorded and revenues are recognized when earned.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. In the governmental fund, reported inventories are offset by the nonspendable category of fund balance to indicate that these amounts are not available for appropriation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. When purchased, acquired or constructed, capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund and capitalized as assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Lease agreements that qualify as capital leases are recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Infrastructure, such as canals, culverts and drainage systems, are capitalized along with other general capital assets at historical costs.

Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The estimated lives for each major class of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Canal revetment	50 years
Water control structures and pump stations	25-50 years
Buildings and improvements	6-50 years
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	5-30 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet report a separate section for deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District's deferred outflows of resources are related to its pension obligations.

The separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The District's deferred inflows are related to its pension obligations. In addition, the District has another item, unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as a deferred inflow of resources on the governmental funds Balance Sheet. The unavailable revenue results from fees for revetment work and pipe replacement received by the District in advance of the year for which they will be spent. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the year that the amounts become available.

Unearned/Unavailable Revenue

Unearned revenue in the governmental activities and unavailable revenue in the governmental funds consists mainly of amounts received in advance by the District for revetment work and pipe replacement.

Non-Ad Valorem Assessments

The collection of non-ad valorem assessments is consolidated in the Office of the County Tax Collector. Assessments are levied on November 1st of each year, or as soon thereafter as the tax roll is certified by the County Property Appraiser and delivered to the Tax Collector. All unpaid assessments levied become delinquent April 1st of the following year. Discounts are allowed for early payment at a maximum rate of 4%. At September 30, 2015, unpaid delinquent assessments are not material and have not been recorded by the District.

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave. Accrued vacation hours are compensated in full at separation at the employee's current rate of pay up to 240 hours. Sick leave hours may be accumulated without limit for the duration of employment. At the time of separation, employees are paid 25% of their sick leave balance at their current rate of pay, up to 240 hours.

Net Position

Equity in the government-wide Statement of Net Position is displayed in three categories 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted and 3) unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation and by any outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct, or improve those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by District legislation or external restrictions by other governments, creditors, or grantors. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of either of the other two components.

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is a measurement of available financial resources and is the difference between total assets and total liabilities. Governmental accounting principles distinguish fund balance classifications based on the relative strength of the constraints that control the purposes for which specified amounts can be spent. Beginning with the most restrictive constraints, the District's fund balance amounts will be reported in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Represents amounts that are not in a spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Represents amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external parties either constitutionally or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Supervisors.

Assigned Fund Balance – Represents amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Supervisors or by a designee to whom the governing body delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Includes all amounts not contained in other classifications and is the residual classification of the General Fund. Unassigned amounts are the portion of fund balance which is not obligated or specifically designated and is available for any purpose.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2) DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, all deposits and investments are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act*, the State Treasurer requires all Florida qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. Accordingly, all amounts reported as deposits and investments are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name.

3) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land and improvements	\$ 3,173,907	\$ 42,689	\$ (100)	\$ -	\$ 3,216,496
Land under assignment rights	849,481	-	-	-	849,481
Work in progress:					
Furniture, fixtures, and office equipment	42,480	206,254	-	(6,500)	242,234
Buildings and improvements	95,407	1,245,991	-	(331,288)	1,010,110
Water control structures and pump stations	12,995	844,542	-	(147,450)	710,087
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,174,270	2,339,476	(100)	(485,238)	6,028,408
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	3,846,827	43,751	(5,685)	331,288	4,216,181
Machinery and equipment	5,996,662	1,153,784	(520,978)	-	6,629,468
Canal revetment	23,364,303	-	-	-	23,364,303
Water control structures and pump stations	16,019,968	29,307	-	147,450	16,196,725
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	692,437	65,427	(213,523)	6,500	550,841
Total capital assets being depreciated	49,920,197	1,292,269	(740,186)	485,238	50,957,518
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(1,540,252)	(145,675)	5,543	-	(1,680,384)
Machinery and equipment	(2,956,901)	(460,194)	449,312	-	(2,967,783)
Canal revetment	(4,913,102)	(467,286)	-	-	(5,380,388)
Water control structures and pump stations	(7,389,357)	(378,103)	-	-	(7,767,460)
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	(388,083)	(69,256)	162,902	-	(294,437)
Accumulated depreciation	(17,187,695)	(1,520,514)	617,757	-	(18,090,452)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	32,732,502	(228,245)	(122,429)	485,238	32,867,066
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 36,906,772	\$ 2,111,231	\$ (122,529)	\$ -	\$ 38,895,474

Depreciation expense of \$1,520,514 was charged to Physical Environment for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

4) LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences:					
Vacation accrual	\$ 453,801	\$ 409,655	\$ 427,259	\$ 436,197	\$ 431,487
Sick leave accrual	68,839	207,348	181,033	95,154	34,256
	522,640	617,003	608,292	531,351	465,743
Other postemployment benefits	20,904	11,191	-	32,095	-
Landfill closure costs	1,120,047	77,846	-	1,197,893	-
Capital lease payable	46,861	-	20,799	26,062	23,468
Net pension liability	2,804,886	1,541,156	338,895	4,007,147	-
Total	\$ 4,515,338	\$ 2,247,196	\$ 967,986	\$ 5,794,548	\$ 489,211

Capital Lease Payable

The District has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of computer equipment. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

Assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Computer equipment	\$ 70,329
Less accumulated depreciation	(25,790)
Total	\$ 44,539

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2015 were as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	
2016	\$ 23,468
2017	4,305
Total minimum lease payments	27,773
Less amount representing interest	(1,711)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 26,062

5) HORTICULTURAL WASTE LANDFILL SITE

State and Federal laws and regulations require the District to place a final cover on its horticultural landfill waste site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the District reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an expense in the government-wide financial statements each period based on capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$1,197,893 reported as a landfill closure and post-closure care liability at September 30, 2015,

5) HORTICULTURAL WASTE LANDFILL SITE (Continued)

represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the approximate use of 92% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The District will recognize the remaining estimated cost of approximately \$110,328 as the remaining capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2015. The District expects to close the landfill in 2029. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

As a condition for the issuance of the landfill construction permit, the District must describe the financial mechanism to be used to demonstrate proof of financial assurance to Florida Department of Health. The District uses an alternate financial mechanism (financial tests) in lieu of funding an escrow account, and is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations at September 30, 2015.

6) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. Specifically, the District purchases commercial insurance for property, medical benefits, worker's compensation, general liability, automobile liability, errors and omissions, and directors and officers liability. The District is also covered by Florida Statutes under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity which effectively limits the amount of liability of certain governmental entities to individual claims of \$200,000/\$300,000 for all claims relating to the same accident. There were no changes in insurance coverage from the prior year and there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

7) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. The statement establishes the financial reporting and disclosure requirements by employers for other postemployment benefits ("OPEB").

Plan Description

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit health care plan that provides health care benefits to eligible retired employees (the "Plan"). The Board of Supervisors is authorized to establish and amend benefit levels, subject to the minimum requirements set forth by Florida Statutes, and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. The District determines the required contribution on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Funding Policy

The District is required by Florida Statutes to allow retirees to buy healthcare coverage at the same group insurance rates that current employees are charged resulting in an implicit healthcare benefit and employer liability. The State prohibits the Plan from separately rating retirees and active employees. Because the Plan charges both groups an equal, blended rate, GAAP requires employers to report the cost of those future benefits to retirees during the current time of their employment. The Plan members receiving benefits contribute 100% of the monthly premiums.

An annual actuarial valuation is made to determine whether the contributions are sufficient to meet the Plan obligations. For financial reporting purposes, an actuarial valuation is required triennially since the plan has a total membership of fewer than 200. The latest actuarial valuation was made on October 1, 2013. The postemployment benefit plan has no assets and does not issue stand-alone financial reports.

7) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance within the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty (30) years. The actuarial accrued liability as of October 1, 2015, is estimated to be \$127,000.

Funding Status and Progress

Schedule of Funding Progress						
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll (Total)	UAAL as a Percentage of Payroll
10-1-13	\$ -	\$ 126,687	\$ 126,687	0.00%	\$ 5,542,988	2.29%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation was as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Employer Contributions	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
9-30-13	\$ 10,112	\$ -	0.00%	\$ 10,112
9-30-14	10,792	-	0.00%	20,904
9-30-15	11,191	-	0.00%	32,095

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 11,157
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	551
Adjustment on Annual Required Contribution	(517)
Annual OPEB Cost	11,191
Contributions and payments made	-
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	11,191
Net OPEB Obligation – October 1, 2014	20,904
Net OPEB Obligation – September 30, 2015	\$ 32,095

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

7) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, if any, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The annual OPEB cost was determined as part of the actuarial valuation. Additional information as of the last actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date:	October 1, 2013
Actuarial Valuation Method: ⁽¹⁾	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Not Applicable
Amortization Method:	Percentage of Covered Payroll on a Closed Basis
Remaining Amortization Period:	24 years
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount rate:	6.0%
Inflation rate:	None
Life expectancies:	RP 2000
Salary scale growth:	3.0% Per Annum
Health care cost trend rate:	Annual medical costs are assumed to increase 10% in the first year of the valuation. Future annual increases are assumed to grade uniformly to 6% over an 8 year period.

⁽¹⁾Effective October 1, 2011, the Plan changed its actuarial method from the Projected Unit Credit Method to the Entry Age Normal Method.

8) RETIREMENT PLAN

Florida Retirement System - Pension Plan

The District participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Trust Fund, both of which are multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit public employee retirement plans administered by the State of Florida.

The net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to these retirement plans at September 30, 2015 are summarized as follows:

	FRS	HIS	Total
Net pension liability	\$ 2,187,790	\$ 1,819,357	\$ 4,007,147
Deferred outflows/inflows of Resources related to pensions			
Deferred outflows of resources	797,195	168,949	966,144
Deferred inflows of resources	676,704	46,280	722,987

General Information

The District's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Under Section 121.4501, Florida

8) RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan (“Investment Plan”) alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration (“SBA”). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the Website:

www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications.

Plan Description

The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (“DROP”) for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, and Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers’ class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers’ class members. Also, the final average compensation for these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

8) RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2015 fiscal year were as follows:

Class	Percent of Gross Salary October 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015		Percent of Gross Salary July 1, 2015 to September 30, 2015	
	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer
FRS, Regular	3.00	7.37	3.00	7.26
FRS, Elected Local Officers	3.00	43.24	3.00	42.27
FRS, Senior Management Service Class	3.00	21.14	3.00	21.43
DROP – Applicable to all members in the above classes	0.00	12.28	0.00	12.88

The District and employee contributions to the Pension Plan were \$407,049 and \$136,226, respectively, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$2,187,790 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the contributions made during the year ended June 30, 2014 of all participating members. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportionate share was 0.016938156 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00078 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$210,597. In addition the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 230,966	\$ 51,888
Change in assumptions	145,211	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS investments	-	522,408
Changes in proportion and differences between District FRS contributions and proportionate share of contributions	316,069	102,408
District FRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date	104,949	-
Total	\$ 797,195	\$ 676,704

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$104,949 resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. The net amount of the remaining deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$213,660 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

8) RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2016	\$ 54,182
2017	54,182
2018	54,182
2019	54,182
2020	2,729
Thereafter	(5,797)
Total	\$ 213,660

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 %
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.65%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.00%	3.11%	3.10%	1.65%
Intermediate-Term Bonds	18.00%	4.18%	4.05%	5.15%
High Yield Bonds	3.00%	6.79%	6.25%	10.95%
Broad US Equities	26.50%	8.51%	6.95%	18.90%
Developed Foreign Entities	21.20%	8.66%	6.85%	20.40%
Emerging Market Equities	5.30%	11.58%	7.60%	31.15%
Private Equity	6.00%	11.80%	8.11%	30.00%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	7.00%	5.81%	5.35%	10.00%
Real Estate (Property)	12.00%	7.11%	6.35%	13.00%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed Inflation – Mean		2.60%		2.00%

(1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

8) RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation of the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.65%) or one percentage point higher (8.65%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.65%)	Current Discount Rate (7.65%)	1% Increase (8.65%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,669,059	\$ 2,187,790	\$ (709,197)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2015, the District reported no outstanding contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Florida Retirement System - HIS Plan

Plan Description

The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

8) RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the HIS contribution rate for the period October 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 and from July 1, 2015 through September 30, 2015 was 1.26% and 1.66% of payroll, respectively. The District contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$73,765 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$1,819,357 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the year ended June 30, 2014 contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportionate share was 0.017839586 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000596296 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$128,299. In addition the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change of assumptions	\$ 143,136	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS Plan investments	985	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District HIS Plan contributions and proportionate share of HIS contributions	1,154	46,280
District HIS Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	23,674	-
Total	\$ 168,949	\$ 46,280

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$23,674 resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. The net amount of the remaining deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the amount of (\$45,128) related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

8) RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2016	\$ (7,243)
2017	(7,243)
2018	(7,243)
2019	(7,243)
2020	(7,243)
Thereafter	(8,913)
Total	\$ (45,128)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 %
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	3.80 %

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.80%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.80%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.80%) or one percentage point higher (4.80%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.80%)	Current Discount Rate (3.80%)	1% Increase (4.80%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,073,073	\$ 1,819,357	\$ 1,607,796

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

8) RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2015, the District reported no payables to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Florida Retirement System - Defined Contribution Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Officers, etc.), as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts for the year ended June 30, 2015, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30%, Senior Management Service class 7.67% and Elected Officers class 11.34%.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$17,340 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

At September 30, 2015, the District reported no payables to the Investment Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

9) OPERATING LEASES

On February 28, 2014, the District entered into a three-year Master Lease Agreement for three 2014 John Deere 210G excavators. On January 21, 2015, the District entered into a three-year Master Lease Agreement for one John Deere 220DW excavator. The leases are accounted for as non-cancelable operating leases. Total payments were \$172,780 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	
2016	\$ 172,780
2017	46,818
Total	\$ 219,598

10) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The District is engaged in various lawsuits incidental to its operations, the outcome of which is not presently determinable. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

Contract Commitments

Commitments on major construction contracts consist of the following:

	Total Project Authorization	Expended Through September 30, 2015	Balance to Complete
SCADA System	\$ 626,345	\$ 203,452	\$ 422,893
Control Structure No. 12	135,150	-	135,150
	\$ 761,495	\$ 203,452	\$ 558,043

11) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 14, 2015, the Board approved a contract for \$140,000 with D & J Machinery for gates for Control Structure No. 11. On November 12, 2015, the Board approved a contract for \$94,500 with Smith Engineering Consultants for electrical engineering services for Control Structures.

On April 13, 2016, the Board approved the purchase of a 1.43 acre parcel of vacant land for the future needs of Control Structure 6 for approximately \$160,000. This sale closed on May 6, 2016.

12) IMPLEMENTATION OF GASB STATEMENTS

During fiscal year 2015, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*.

GASB Statement No. 68 required the restatement of the October 1, 2014 net position in governmental activities. This change is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

12) IMPLEMENTATION OF GASB STATEMENTS (continued)

The table below presents the details of the restatement:

	Governmental Activities
Net position, September 30, 2014 as previously reported	\$ 58,335,727
Cumulative effect of application of GASB 68	(3,905,906)
Net position, September 30, 2014 as restated	\$ 54,429,821

GASB Statement No. 71 amends Statement No. 68 regarding the reporting of contributions as deferred outflows upon adoption of Statement No. 68.

13) PRONOUNCEMENTS ISSUED, BUT NOT YET ADOPTED

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of *fair value* is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurement. The requirement of this Statement will be effective for the District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68*, establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. This Statement also clarifies the application of certain provisions of Statements 67 and 68 with regard to information that is required to be presented as notes to the 10-year schedules of required supplementary information about investment-related factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported. The requirement of this statement will be effective for the District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans* issued June 2015, is effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2017. This statement provides financial reporting requirements for state and local government other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans and conforms OPEB plan reporting to the requirements for pension plan reporting contained in GASB Statement No. 67.

GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* issued June 2015, is effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2018. This statement establishes measurement criteria for the OPEB liability of state and local governments. The statement intends to improve the decision-usefulness of information in employer and governmental nonemployer contributing entity financial statements by requiring recognition of the entire OPEB liability and a broader measure of OPEB expense.

GASB Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, identifies, in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment, the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of

13) PRONOUNCEMENTS ISSUED, BUT NOT YET ADOPTED (continued)

authoritative GAAP. The requirements of this statement will be effective for the District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* issued August 2015, is effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2017. This statement addresses financial reporting about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements of governmental entities. The statement requires that governments that enter into tax abatements disclose more comprehensive information about the agreements.

GASB Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*, is effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2017. This statement addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, is effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, except for the provisions which are effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2017. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirement for Certain Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*, is effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2017. The objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units.

The District's management has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on the District's financial statements.



**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY
INFORMATION**

This page intentionally left blank.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Non-ad valorem assessments	\$ 13,898,600	\$ 13,898,600	\$ 13,977,620	\$ 79,020
Investment earnings	10,000	10,000	45,901	35,901
Licenses and permits	255,000	255,000	414,055	159,055
Miscellaneous	51,000	51,000	91,230	40,230
Total revenues	14,214,600	14,214,600	14,528,806	314,206
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Physical environment	11,781,650	11,781,650	10,845,807	935,843
Capital outlay	2,841,100	2,841,100	3,589,056	(747,956)
Debt service:				
Principal	21,000	21,000	20,799	201
Interest	3,000	3,000	2,669	331
Total expenditures	14,646,750	14,646,750	14,458,331	188,419
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(432,150)	(432,150)	70,475	502,625
Other financing sources:				
Proceeds from sales/disposals of				
capital assets	10,000	10,000	132,723	122,723
Appropriated fund balance	422,150	422,150	-	(422,150)
Total other financing sources	432,150	432,150	132,723	(299,427)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	203,198	203,198
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	23,139,407	23,139,407
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,342,605	\$ 23,342,605

See notes to required supplementary information.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

*Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress
Year Ended September 30, 2015*

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll (Total)	UAAL as a Percentage of Payroll
10-1-13	\$ -	\$ 116,391	\$ 116,391	0.00%	\$ 5,224,798	2.23%
10-1-13	-	122,675	122,675	0.00%	5,381,542	2.28%
10-1-13	-	126,687	126,687	0.00%	5,542,988	2.29%

See notes to required supplementary information.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, the Florida Retirement System

Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.016938156%	0.017718447%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,187,790	\$ 1,081,086
District's covered-employee payroll	5,412,225	5,479,320
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	40.42%	19.73%
FRS plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92.00%	96.09%

See notes to required supplementary information.

(1) The amounts presented for each measurement year were determined as of June 30. GASB Statement No. 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information will be presented for only those years which information is available.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Contributions, the Florida Retirement System

Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2015	2014
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 412,967	\$ 388,109
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	412,967	388,109
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,412,225	\$ 5,479,320
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.6%	7.1%

See notes to required supplementary information.

(1) The amounts presented for each measurement year were determined as of June 30. GASB Statement No. 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information will be presented for only those years which information is available.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, the Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.017839586%	0.018435882%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,819,357	\$ 1,723,800
District's covered-employee payroll	5,412,225	5,479,320
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	33.62%	31.46%
HIS plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.005	0.0099

See notes to required supplementary information.

(1) The amounts presented for each measurement year were determined as of June 30. GASB Statement No. 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information will be presented for only those years which information is available.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Contributions, the Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2015	2014
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 68,194	\$ 63,155
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	68,194	63,155
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,412,225	\$ 5,479,320
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.3%	1.2%

See notes to required supplementary information.

(1) The amounts presented for each measurement year were determined as of June 30. GASB Statement No. 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information will be presented for only those years which information is available.

LAKE WORTH DRAINAGE DISTRICT

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
September 30, 2015

1) BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

State of Florida Statutes require that, for each fiscal year, a special district make appropriations which will not exceed the amount received from taxation and other available sources. The District annually adopts an operating budget for the general fund. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedule:

- (a) In the spring of each year, the District Manager submits a proposed operating budget to the Board for the next fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (b) Public hearings are conducted to obtain landowner comments.
- (c) Prior to September 30th, the budget is legally adopted by the Board.

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end unless specifically designated to be carried forward to the subsequent year. Changes or amendments to the budgeted expenditures of the District must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. There were no supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

2) FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the preceding fiscal year ended June 30 that occurred within the District's fiscal year.

Changes in Benefits: There were no changes in benefits for FRS during 2014 and 2015.

Changes in Assumptions: There were no changes in actuarial assumptions for FRS during 2014 and 2015.

Information prior to adoption of GASB Statement No. 67 by FRS in fiscal year 2014 is not available.

3) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation was as follows:

Valuation Date:	October 1, 2013
Actuarial Valuation Method: ⁽¹⁾	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Not Applicable
Amortization Method:	Percentage of Covered Payroll on a Closed Basis
Remaining Amortization Period:	24 years
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount rate:	6.0%
Inflation rate:	None
Life expectancies:	RP 2000
Salary sale growth:	3.0% Per Annum
Health care cost trend rate:	Annual medical costs are assumed to increase 10% in the first year of the valuation. Future annual increases are assumed to grade uniformly to 6% over an 8 year period.

⁽¹⁾ Effective October 1, 2011, the Plan changed its actuarial method from the Projected Unit Credit Method to the Entry Age Normal Method.



COMPLIANCE SECTION

This page intentionally left blank.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Supervisors
Lake Worth Drainage District
Delray Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Lake Worth Drainage District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lake Worth Drainage District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lake Worth Drainage District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lake Worth Drainage District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lake Worth Drainage District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lake Worth Drainage District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on

compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Morrison, Brown, Argiz & Farra".

Morrison, Brown, Argiz & Farra, LLC
Palm Beach, Florida

June 23, 2016

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON AN EXAMINATION CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AICPA PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS, SECTION 601, REGARDING COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Board of Supervisors
Lake Worth Drainage District
Delray Beach, Florida

We have examined Lake Worth Drainage District's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for Lake Worth Drainage District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Lake Worth Drainage District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lake Worth Drainage District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Lake Worth Drainage District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Lake Worth Drainage District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.



Morrison, Brown, Argiz & Farra, LLC
Palm Beach, Florida

June 23, 2016

This page intentionally left blank.

**MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES
OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

Board of Supervisors
Lake Worth Drainage District
Delray Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Lake Worth Drainage District, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2016.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the Independent Accountant's Report on an Examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 23, 2016, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Information regarding the specific legal authority for Lake Worth Drainage District is disclosed in the Note 1 to the Financial Statements. There are no component units related to Lake Worth Drainage District.

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not Lake Worth Drainage District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Lake Worth Drainage District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor Lake Worth Drainage District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Annual Financial Report

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for Lake Worth Drainage District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.d, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Lake Worth Drainage District is not a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district and was not required to provide financial information necessary for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Morrison, Brown, Argiz & Farra, LLC
Palm Beach, Florida

June 23, 2016